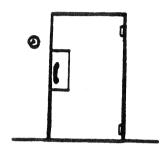
Thawing Frozen Food Properly

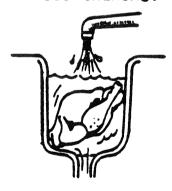
Potentially hazardous food* must be properly thawed if it is to be safe for preparation. When food is thawed at room temperature, a large bacterial growth may result. In that case, cooking will not necessarily prevent a food borne illness. It is important to use an approved thawing method to keep food at a safe temperature and prevent bacterial growth.

The only approved methods for thawing frozen foods are:

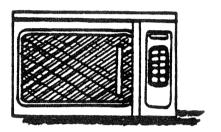


A. In a refrigerated unit with a temperature of 45° or below.

Cover food and place on bottom shelf while thawing.



C. Under potable, running water with a temperature of 70°F or below. The water flow must remove food particles.



B. In a microwave oven, provided the food is cooked immediately afterward.



D. During cooking. Increase the cooking time by adding the time that would have been spent thawing the food.

Potentially hazardous food is any food that can support the rapid growth of disease-causing bacteria. Some examples are: poultry, meat, dairy products, eggs, and fish.